

AP Calculus Summer Assignment

For Parts A-E and G, refer to the notes and answers on the school website if you get stuck.

A. Piecewise Functions: (Do not use a calculator.)

Name _____

Graph the following piecewise functions:

$$1. f(x) = \begin{cases} 5 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 2 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$2. g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ 3 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$$

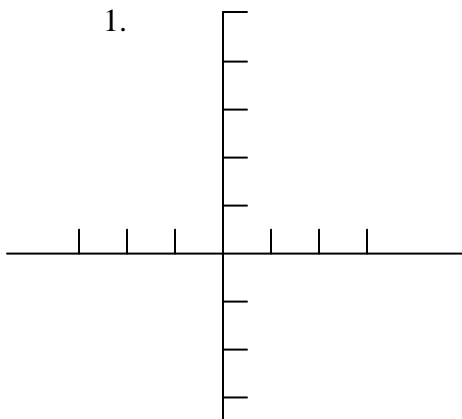
$$3. f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x > 2 \\ 2x & \text{if } x < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$4. g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ x & \text{if } x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

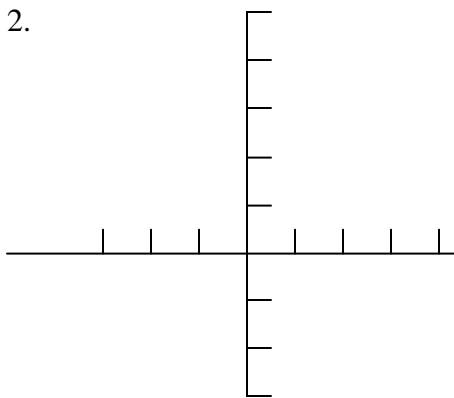
$$5. f(x) = \begin{cases} 5 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ x+1 & \text{if } -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x < -2 \end{cases}$$

$$6. g(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ 3 & \text{if } -1 \leq x < 3 \\ x & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

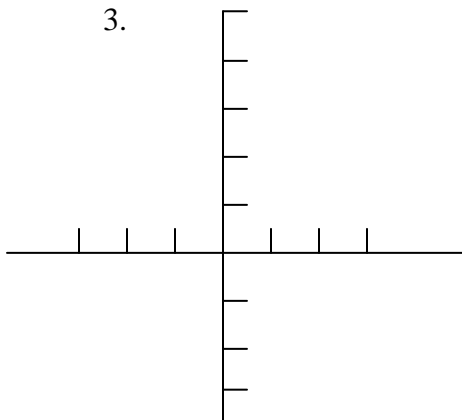
1.



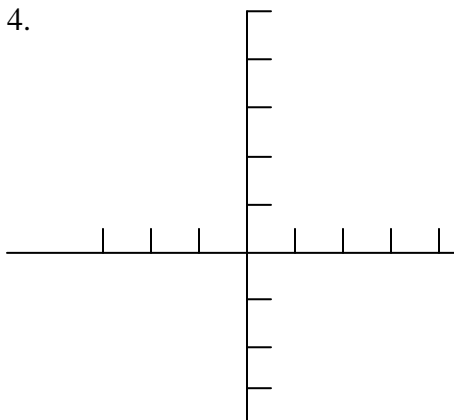
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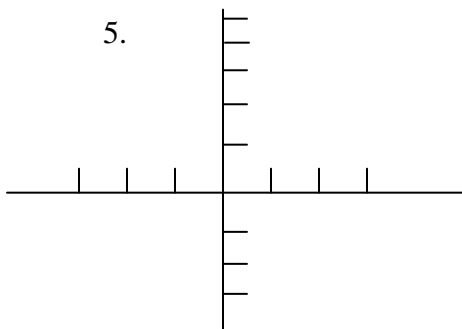
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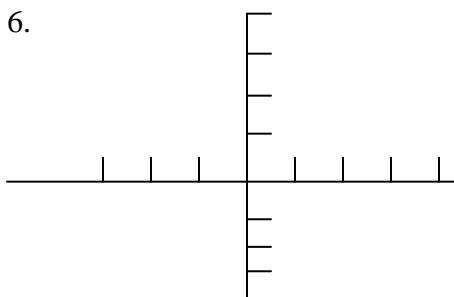
4.



5.



6.



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B. Interval Notation/Inequalities: (Do not use a calculator.)

Change from inequality notation to interval notation:

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| 1. $-2 < x \leq 1$ | | 1 _____ |
| 2. $x > 3$ and $x < 12.4$ | 2 _____ | |
| 3. $x \leq 3$ or $x \geq 10$ | | 3 _____ |
| 4. All real numbers | 4 _____ | |
| 5. All real numbers except 2 | | 5 _____ |
| 6. All real numbers except 2 and 4 | 6 _____ | |
| 7. $x > 4$ and $x < 2$ | | 7 _____ |
| 8. $x \leq 6$ and $x > -3$ | 8 _____ | |

Change from interval notation to inequality notation: (\cup -- or, \cap -- and)

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| 9. $(-3, 4]$ | _____ |
| 10. $(-\infty, 4) \cup [10, \infty)$ | _____ |
| 11. $(-\infty, \infty)$ | _____ |
| 12. $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$ | _____ |
| 13. $(-\infty, 4) \cap [3, 5]$ | _____ |

Solve the following inequalities. Give answer in both forms:

- | | Inequality form | Interval Notation |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|
| 14. $x + 5 > 7$ | _____ | _____ |
| 15. $x + 7x - 8 \leq 0$ | _____ | _____ |
| 16. $x^2 + 7x - 8 \leq 0$ | _____ | _____ |
| 17. $x^2 - 3x - 4 > 0$ | _____ | _____ |
| 18. $x^2 - 3x + 4 > 0$ | _____ | _____ |
| 19. $x - 3x - 4 \geq 0$ | _____ | _____ |
| 20. $ x - 2 < 5$ | _____ | _____ |
| 21. $ x - 2 > 5$ | _____ | _____ |
| 22. $2(x - 3) + 4(x - 5) \geq 7x$ | _____ | _____ |
| 23. $\frac{5(x+2)}{(x-1)(x-3)} \geq 0$ | _____ | _____ |

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C. Domain/Range : (Do not use a calculator. Skip the range in #5, 6, 8.)

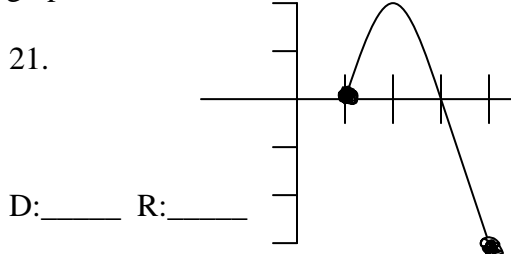
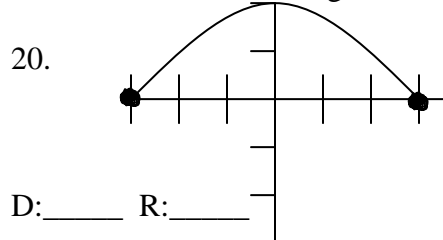
Find the domain and range for the following functions:

	Domain	Range
1. $y = x^2 + 5$	_____	_____
2. $y = \sqrt{x+5}$	_____	_____
3. $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 9}$	_____	_____
4. $y = \frac{1}{x-3}$	_____	_____
5. $y = \frac{5}{x^2 + 3x - 4}$	_____	XXXXXXXXXXXX
6. $y = \frac{5}{x^2 + 3x}$	_____	XXXXXXXXXXXX
7. $y = \frac{x-5}{x-3}$	_____	_____
8. $y = \frac{5}{x^2 + 3}$	_____	XXXXXXXXXXXX
9. $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x}$	_____	_____
10. $y = \log(x - 5)$	_____	_____
11. $y = e^{x+1}$	_____	_____
12. $y = e^x + 1$	_____	_____
13. $y = 5\sin x$	_____	_____
14. $y = 5\sin x + 4$	_____	_____
15. $y = \tan x$	_____	_____

Give me a function whose domain is the following:

16. All real numbers except 2 _____ 17. $x \geq 5$ _____
 18. All real numbers except 2 and 3 _____ 19. $x > 5$ _____

Give the domain and range for the functions graphed below:

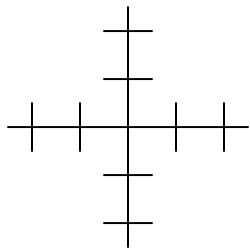


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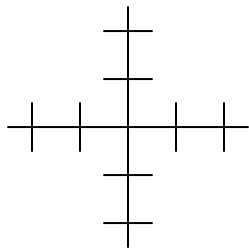
D. Graphs of functions: (Do not use a calculator.)

1. Sketch the following functions and label the vertex.

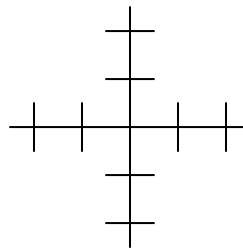
A. $y = |x| + 2$



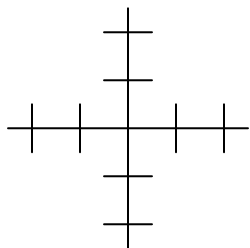
B. $y = -x^2 + 2$



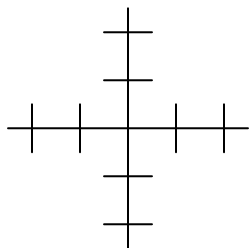
C. $f(x) = (x - 1)^3$



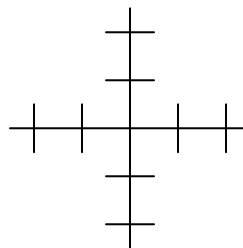
D. $y = -\sqrt{x+2} - 1$



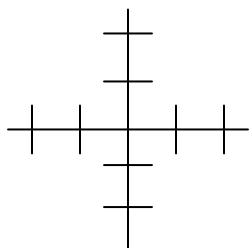
E. $y = (x - 2)^2 - 1$



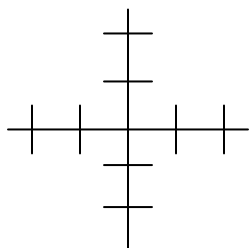
F. $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$



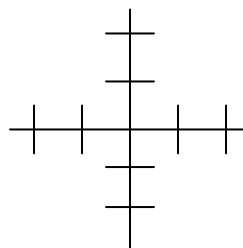
G. $y = -|x+2| + 1$



H. $y = -x^3 + 2$

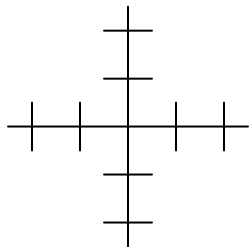


C. $f(x) = -2|x+1|$

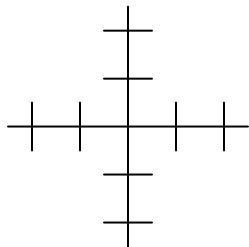


2. If $f(x)$ is drawn to the right, then graph the following:

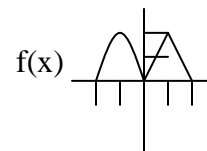
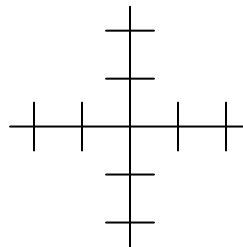
A. $f(x + 2)$



B. $f(x) + 2$



C. $-f(x)$

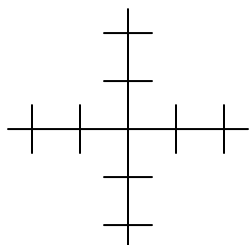
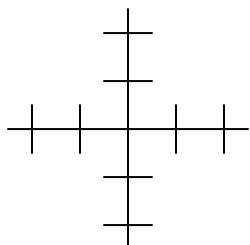


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3. Graph the following:

A. $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1}$

B. $y = \frac{|x - 1|}{x - 1}$



4. Find the domain/range and zeroes for:

A. $f(x) = [x]$ (Greatest integer function)

B. $y = \sqrt{3 - x}$

D: _____

D: _____

R: _____

R: _____

Z: _____

Z: _____

C. $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ 3 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

D. $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ -2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

D: _____

D: _____

R: _____

R: _____

Z: _____

Z: _____

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E. Operations on Functions: (Do not use a calculator.)

1. If $f(x) = 2x - 3$, $g(x) = x^2 - 2$, and $i(x) = \sqrt{x} + 1$, then find:

A. $f(2) =$ _____ B. $f(a+1) =$ _____ C. $i(4) =$ _____

D. $g(3) =$ _____ E. $g(a+1) =$ _____ F. $i(2) =$ _____

G. $f(g(2)) =$ _____ H. $g(i(9)) =$ _____

I. $(f+g)(2) =$ _____ J. $fg(2) =$ _____

K. $(f/g)(2) =$ _____ L. $(f-i)(1) =$ _____

M. $g(g(x)) =$ _____ N. $f(f(x)) =$ _____

O. $f(g(x)) =$ _____ P. $g(f(x)) =$ _____

Q. $g(i(x)) =$ _____ R. $(f+g)(x) =$ _____

S. $(f/g)(x) =$ _____ T. $f(g(i(4))) =$ _____

U. $(f-g)(x) =$ _____ V. $f(g(i(x))) =$ _____

W. $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h} =$ _____ X. $\frac{g(x+h)-g(x)}{h} =$ _____

2. If $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$, $g(x) = \frac{4}{x-3}$, and $h(x) = 7x + 4$, then find:

A. $(f+g)(x) =$ _____ B. $f(g(x)) =$ _____

C. $f(h(x)) =$ _____ D. $(f-g)(x) =$ _____

E. $f(g(h(-1))) =$ _____ F. $f(1/(g(2))) =$ _____

3. If $f(x) = 2x - 3$ and $g(x) = (x + 3)/2$, then find:

A. $f(g(x)) =$ _____ B. $g(f(x)) =$ _____

C. $f(g(7000)) =$ _____ D. $(f+g)(x) =$ _____

E. $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ share a special relationship. These functions are _____ of each other.

4. If $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 5$, then find:

A. $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h} =$ _____ B. $\frac{f(3+h)-f(3)}{h} =$ _____

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F. Trig Review: (Only use your calculator on #6, #7 and #11. All identities given below are not required to be memorized.)

Given Identities: $\sin(2x) = 2\sin x \cos x$

$\cos(2x) = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$

$\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \sin B \cos A$

$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \sin B \cos A$

$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin B \sin A$

$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin B \sin A$

1. Change $-\pi/4$ to degrees and find a positive coterminal angle.

2. If $\tan x = 3$ in quadrant I, then find the other trig functions: (Hint: Draw a triangle)

$\sin x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\cos x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\csc x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\sec x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\cot x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

3. Find the following values without a calculator: Draw the 30/60/90 and 45/45/90 triangles in the margin.

$\cos(\pi/3) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\tan 45^\circ = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $\sin 60^\circ = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

4. Find $\cos 225^\circ$ and show all work. (Show the angle drawn in the correct quadrant.)

5. Find 2 values of x on $[0^\circ, 360^\circ]$, such that $\sin x = 1/2$.

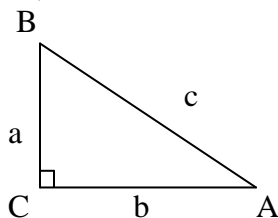
6. Find 2 values of x on $[0^\circ, 360^\circ]$, such that $\cos x = 0.8123$ (Use your calculator)

7. Find the rest of the triangle if $A = 40^\circ$, $C = 90^\circ$ and $b = 6$ (Use calculator)

$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$c = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $C = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$



8. If $\cos x = -15/17$ and $\tan x < 0$, find $\csc x$.

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9. Find the following:

A. $\arccos(-1/2) =$ _____

B. $\sin(\arcsin(0.98)) =$ _____

C. $\tan(\sin^{-1}x) =$ _____

D. $\cos(\arcsin(12/13)) =$ _____

10. Fill in the following identities:

A. $\sin^2x +$ _____ $= 1$

B. $\tan x = \sin x /$ _____

C. $\csc x = 1 /$ _____

11. Evaluate $\cos 120^\circ$ using a calculator. _____

12. Evaluate $\cos 120^\circ$ using its reference angle. Show your drawing:

13. In what 2 quadrants is cot negative? ____ ____

14. What is the difference between \sin^{-1} and arcsin. Define them

15. Use trig identities to simplify the following trig expressions:

A. $\tan^2x - \tan^2x \sin^2x =$ _____

B. $(\cos x - \sin x)^2 =$ _____

16. True or false: Explain.

A. $\sin x \cdot \csc y = 1$ _____

B. $3 \sec x = \frac{1}{3 \cos x}$ _____

17. Solve for values on $[0^\circ, 360^\circ]$ for $2 \sin x + 1 = 0$

18. Solve $2 \sin x + \sin(2x) = 0$ on $[0, 2\pi]$

19. If $\cos x = 5/13$ and $270^\circ < x < 360^\circ$, then find:

A. $\sin(2x) =$ _____

B. $\cos(2x) =$ _____

20. Find $\cos 15^\circ$ exactly. (Hint $60 - 45 = 15$)

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G. Simplifying Complex Fractions and Rational Expressions: (Do not use a calculator.)

Simplify the following (Find a common denominator in #10, 18-20)

1. $\frac{\frac{3}{x}}{y} =$ _____ 2. $\frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{y}{x}} =$ _____ 3. $5x^{-2} =$ _____

4. $(5x)^{-2} =$ _____ 5. $\frac{\frac{5}{x} + 3}{y} =$ _____ 6. $(9x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} =$ _____

7. $(\sin x) \bullet x + x^2 =$ _____ 8. $(\sin x) \bullet x \bullet \cos x \bullet \sin x =$ _____

9. $\sqrt{x} \left(x + x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) =$ _____ 10. $7x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} =$ _____

11. $\frac{4x(2x-5) - (x^2-5x) \bullet (4)}{(2x-5)^2} =$ _____

12. $\frac{4(x-3) \bullet 2x - 5x \bullet \left(\frac{1}{x+3} \right) + 24x}{y} =$ _____

13. $(\sin x)(\cos x)(\sec x) \bullet 7 + x^2(\tan x)(\sec^2 x) \bullet 5x =$ _____

14. $x \bullet e^x \bullet \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \sqrt{x} \sin x \bullet \left(-3x^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) =$ _____

15. $\frac{\frac{7x}{y} + \frac{2}{a}}{x+3} =$ _____ 16. $\frac{\frac{7x}{y} - \frac{5}{3x}}{10} =$ _____

17. $\frac{\frac{2x}{3} - y^{-1}}{8 - \frac{2}{y}} =$ _____ 18. $\frac{4x}{2x-5} - \frac{3}{x-2} =$ _____

19. $\frac{7}{a-3} - 4 =$ _____ 20. $\frac{5}{\sqrt{z+1}} + \sqrt{z+1} =$ _____

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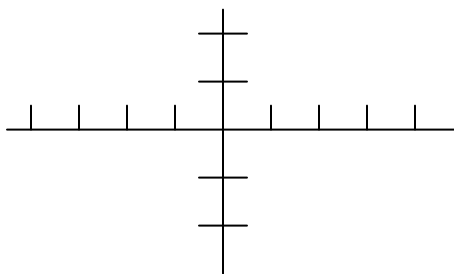
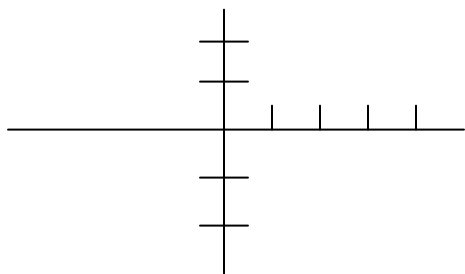
6. I want to know the 2 roots of $y = x^2 - 3$ to the nearest hundredths place. (Graph the function on the interval $[-5,5]$ by $[-5,5]$, by changing the window.) Use the zero feature: Once the graph is on the screen, select ZERO under the CALC (2ND and TRACE) menu. It is #2 on TI-83's. It will ask for a left bound and then a right bound and finally guess. Pick a value to the left and then to the right of the root. Lastly, put the cursor as close to the root as possible when prompted guess and press enter. (Remember the root is where the graph touches the x-axis and is the solution to the equation $x^2 - 3 = 0$. The calculator should have the word ZERO above your answer.) Give 3 places after the decimal point for accuracy.

Answers: _____

7. Graph $y = \sin x$ on two different intervals by changing the WINDOW to the x by y given:

A. in radians on $[0, 2\pi]$ by $[-2, 2]$,
with XSCL = $\pi/2$ and YSCL = 1

B. in degrees on $[-360, 360]$ by $[-2, 2]$
with XSCL = 90 and YSCL = 1



8. By graphing the following functions, give their domain and range:

*A. $y = \sqrt{9 - 9x^2}$ {Enter in as $\sqrt{(9 - 9x^2)}$ } B. $y = \sqrt{x - 3} + 1$ {Enter $\sqrt{(x-3)+1}$ }

d: _____ r: _____

d: _____ r: _____

C. $y = \sqrt{3 - x} + 1$

D. $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$

d: _____ r: _____

d: _____ r: _____

*For 8a, zoom in on the graph by adjusting the window until you see the semi-ellipse touch the x-axis twice. Use your knowledge of domain and range to check your work. No decimal answers.)

9. Find the roots of $y = x^2 - 16$ (Use the ZERO button)

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10. Find the roots of $y = x^3 + x^2 - 17$ (Use the ZERO button. Give 3 places after the decimal point for accuracy.)

11. . Solve for at least one solution of each of the equations below using your calculator. All answers must be accurate to three decimal places and should include a quick sketch. Your calculators must be in radians. For the third one, get it equal to zero first. (Use the zero button. Give 3 places after the decimal point for accuracy.)

A. $x^7 - 11 = 0$

B. $\sin(x^2) + x - \cos x = 0$

C. $\cos x = \sin x + x$

12. Graph the following functions and tell the difference the parenthesis makes in each problem. Rewrite the equations without parenthesis in standard notation:

A. $y = 1/x + 2$

A_____

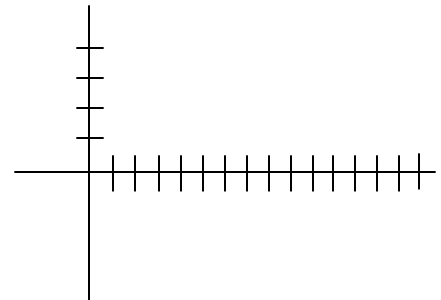
B. $y = 1/(x + 2)$

B_____

13. The profile of a road in miles is given by $P(x)$ below.

$$P(x) = \begin{cases} 3 + .04\cos(2x) & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 10 \\ \text{Bridge!!!!} & \text{if } 10 < x < 10.04 \\ 3.02 + 0.005(x - 11) & \text{if } x \geq 10.04 \end{cases}$$

A. Sketch the road.



B. What is the height of the bridge on each side?

(Give 3 places after the decimal point for accuracy.)

C. Approximate the slope of the bridge.

(Give 3 places after the decimal point for accuracy.)
